

**MS24-O2 Spin, charge and momentum densities of YTiO<sub>3</sub> perovskite**

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High resolution X-ray (XRD) and polarized neutron diffractions (PND) are routinely used to model charge and spin densities of localized electrons, while inelastic Compton scattering (ICS) is a valuable mean for determining delocalized electrons. Our objective is to construct a unique electron density model common to these three experimental data sets. We have demonstrated that a joint refinement of a multipolar model based on polarized neutron and X-ray diffraction data is possible and brings more insight in the electron distribution [1]. The inclusion of ICS data implies to go beyond the atom centered model to take into account bicentric terms. As the multipolar model is thus no more adapted, a new model based on atomic orbitals under development will be discussed and applied to a YTiO<sub>3</sub> perovskite crystal. This compound is ferromagnetic at low temperature (below 29K), suggesting that a single d electron (0.84mB/mol) mainly localized on the Ti atom gives rise to the magnetic interactions.

Reference 1. "First spin-resolved electron distributions in crystals from combined polarized neutron and X-ray diffraction experiments". Maxime Deutsch, Béatrice Gillon, Nicolas Claiser, Jean-Michel Gillet, Claude Lecomte, and Mohamed Souhassou, *IUCrJ*. 2014 May 1; 1(Pt 3): 194–199.

**Keywords:** charge spin densities, xray diffraction, polarised neutron diffraction, magnetic compton scattering, joint refinement, magnetic materials

**MS24-O3 New antiferromagnets [CuX(pyz)<sub>2</sub>](BF<sub>4</sub>) with X = Cl and Br.**

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The structures of new compound [CuX(pyz)<sub>2</sub>](BF<sub>4</sub>) with X = Cl<sup>-</sup> and Br<sup>-</sup> and pyz = pyrazine were determined by single crystal X-ray diffraction. These tetragonal compounds crystallize in space group *P4/nbm*. They are built from [Cu(pyz)<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2+</sup> layers which are connected by X<sup>-</sup> ions along the *c*-axis. Charge is compensated by BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> ions in the voids of the 3D coordination compound. The antiferromagnetic interactions between the Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions are mainly two-dimensional (2D) located within the [Cu(pyz)<sub>2</sub>]<sup>2+</sup> layers. This results in a broad maximum of the magnetic susceptibility around 9 K. Towards lower temperature a kink is observed at 4 K which indicates long-range 3D magnetic order. The magnetic unit cell is doubled along the *c*-axis (*k* = 0,0,1/2) and the ordered magnetic moment amounts to  $\mu_x = 0.76(8) \mu_B/\text{Cu}^{2+}$  at 1.5 K. The moments are antiferromagnetically coupled along the *b*- and *c*-axes. Long-range 3D magnetic order is observed below  $T_N = 3.9(1)$  K. A fit of a 2D Heisenberg model to the magnetic susceptibility data results in  $J_{||} = 9.6$  K.

**Keywords:** 2D antiferromagnet, copper, pyrazine, DMC, XRD, ESR